

Executive Summary

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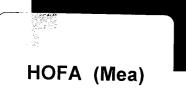
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GREAT TO BE GREY

How can the NHS recruit and retain more older staff?



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 - a focus groups with older NhS staff (aged 45 and 0/1922 7087 020 :anon4
 - semi structured interviews with senior managers from other sectors
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About the research

Great to be Grey examines a key aspect of NHS staffing: that of the loss of experience from the health service as older staff, who are valuable and much needed, leave early in ever-increasing numbers.

With a workforce where about 150,000 of the one million employed are aged 50 or over — and therefore eligible for early retirement — there is an urgent need for a more sensitive and imaginative approach to encouraging older staff not to leave work earlier than planned, and to recruit older people to health service posts. This research paper outlines what form this approach might take. It examines:

- the numbers of older staff leaving the NHS early
- the reasons why they are leaving
- what can be learned from other sectors regarding the recruitment and retention of older people
- current Government policy
- how investment in human resources can support these new Government initiatives.

The research was conducted via:

- a review of existing literature and research since the early 1990s on the ageing of the workforce
- focus groups with older NHS staff (aged 45 and over)
- semi-structured interviews with senior managers from other sectors
- semi-structured interviews with other major stakeholders within the NHS.

Findings

Why older staff leave the NHS early

The overwhelming explanation for older people wanting to leave the NHS at the earliest possible opportunity was the toll of too much pressure. A number of contributing factors were identified:

Increased workload. Staff felt under continual pressure to do more with the same or fewer resources.

Lack of recognition. Many believed that their status in society and within the health service had been significantly eroded over time. They felt they were given no recognition for their experience, expertise and professionalism or indeed their 'caring'.

Long hours working culture. Many clinicians were concerned about the hours worked in the NHS and yet felt that in a number of key areas it would be impossible to provide an long hours. Derigh and a continuous description of the continuous description description

Compromises to the quality of patients' experience. There was real concern that more mistakes were occurring and the quality of patients' experience of health services was being or with the being compromised. This was because staff did not have enough time to reflect on their practice, bluck with the first support and development time to junior colleagues and, most importantly, to give sufficient time to patients to meet their needs effectively.

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Lack of support. A number of people interviewed regretted that they no longer considered the NHS to be a safe and caring environment in which to work. Everyone felt under so much since the NHS to be a safe and caring environment in which to work. Everyone felt under so much since and control were unable to support colleagues appeared the interview to the under too much pressure to secure the interview of the long to the lead of the lead of the leavest of the leavest

Physical wear and tear. The data regarding early retirements on ill-health grounds suggests that the health of some NHS staff is being damaged by the work they do, which adds to the Career advisor of those leaving employment early for other reasons in the system in the system people that the continuity of those systems people that the continuity of the

The Eastedne Arigid career structure. Staff, in particular clinicians, expressed frustration at the rigidity of of a line continuous of the career structure in which they found themselves. Politics and absence continuous the banks are structure in which they found themselves.

Significant changes in a person's role. Concern was expressed that, without access to specifically a person's role. Concern was expressed that, without access to discrete an beginning, keeping up to date can be more as redesign can be doing the job. Wiso, his some cases of the making a constant specifically of the hands-on' caring part of their roles advances.

not are not supported by the constant change and the requirement to meet objectives that are not supported by the constant of the constant of

NHS bashing. The general consensus was that the NHS is significantly better than how it is easily softrayed by the media and, although there is great room for improvement, the prevailing attitude of politicians, which fuels media perspectives, can only add to the demoralisation of staff.

How solutions from other sectors could be adapted for the NHS

ess to confront the managerial complexities of implementing these kinds

Concepts that have proved successful in other sectors were tested with the focus groups and other major stakeholders within the NHS to see whether they thought that these would help to both recruit and retain older workers. The responses to the initiatives were as follows:

Lifelong learning. Generally, older staff did not feel discriminated against regarding access to training. The real difficulty is access to training that allows movement within and across

professional boundaries. In addition, although a number of development opportunities are funded, the replacement costs are not. This means that a number of staff miss out on these opportunities, because they cannot be spared.

Flexible working and flexible approaches to retirement. Options relating to more flexible so that the pressure on their already overworked colleagues. And to the pressure on their already overworked colleagues.

occupational health support. It was felt that the NHS needed approactive occupational health service whereby somebody who is incapacitated is assessed to find out what they are still able to do rather than emphasising what they cannot do, which makes

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thought that the accreditation of previous learning and experience is minimal and that access to training programmes is generally geared to the requirements of school-leavers and experience university graduates. In this substant access to training programmes are generally geared to the requirements of school-leavers and experience university graduates. In this substant are the second access to training programmes and generally geared to the requirements of school-leavers and experience university graduates.

Career advice, career counselling and life planning. With so many changes and so much pressure in the system, people felt they had little opportunity to look at future options. They also thought that the current pre-retirement courses within the NHS concentrated on life outside the service and did not highlight other options that would allow staff to continue to contribute to the health service.

Constant with the besses of the property of the standard of the standard of the property of the property of the present of the

The care issues that are more likely to concern older workers than younger staff are having enough time with teenage children, caring for ageing parents and looking after grandchildren. If the NHS wishes to recruit and retain older staff, it must take these differences into consideration, and the new consideration and the new co

The way forward

The major barriers revealed by this research appear to be:

- unwillingness to confront the managerial complexities of implementing these kinds of initiatives អនុវេទ្ធខែនុងក្រុម ក្រៀងខ្លុំនុំទទួលមុខសុខមួយក្រុទូលក្នុងគេឃុំ នុងពុទ្ធកុច្ចា
- lack of investmentส์ท human resources อาอุปอการสารสาดเลการสาย bps
- inflexibility built into a number of structures and processes within the NHS.

Lifelong !qaminu, Generally, oldepstaff did notyteel discriminated agninsaragarding and saure to training that allows movements within and source

There are ways to overcome these barriers, and this paper offers key messages for moving forward:



Staff are the lifeblood of the NHS and recruiting and retaining them must be a major priority on every board agenda. With so many initiatives being launched by the Government and so many targets to be met, raising staffing issues high on the board agenda is the only way of ensuring that adequate resources are channelled into the recruitment and retention of all staff, particularly experienced older staff.



If the NHS wishes to solve not only problems regarding older workers but also its other staffing issues, then the capability to manage staff creatively must be developed in all managers, not just human resource managers. To facilitate this, objectives relating to staffing issues must form a major part of the appraisal process for all managers.



Human resource practices within the NHS must be modernised, particularly regarding the diversity of the workforce, for example by designing policies to attract and retain older workers.

Many of the problems outlined in this paper are not new and the solutions are not difficult, yet progress has been extremely patchy. The Government's *HR* in the *NHS* Plan, published in 2002, is an essential move in the right direction.

The 2001 national census revealed that, for the first time, there are more people over 60 than under 16, so it is imperative that the NHS focuses on older workers as key contributors in the NHS workforce. It is only with sustained commitment from the Government and local NHS management, investment of both time and money, and making 'people issues' central to the performance-management framework, that the recruitment and retention of these older workers will become an effective part of ensuring NHS capacity to meet the Government's modernisation agenda. Only then will older staff feel that their experience is valuable and that it is 'great to be grey' in the NHS.





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